Q

Kennedy & the Cold War

Q Lesson 1: Test 13

I Can: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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1. **1960 Presidential Election**
   1. The situation: the economy was in a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In addition, the Soviets had launched \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I in 1957, developed long-range \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and aligned with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   2. This lead Americans to believe that their military was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that of the Soviets and that the United States might be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Cold War.
2. **Kennedy VS Nixon**
   1. Candidates: On the Republican ticket was Vice President \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who hoped to win by playing on Eisenhower’s popularity.
   2. The Democratic Party nominated Massachusetts senator \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who promised active \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ “to get America moving again.”
   3. Both candidates had similar positions on policy issues. However, with the help of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and his stance on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ issues, Kennedy rose to the top. (Also helping Kennedy was a very well organized campaign and the backing of his wealthy family. In addition, he was handsome and very charismatic. He was young, active, and tough. He was a great speaker and people were looking for a leader to guide them in the Cold War against the Soviet Union, and to bring change to the U.S. for the better).
3. **Televised Debates**
   1. Many Americans were skeptical about Kennedy for two reasons: He was only \_\_\_\_\_ which lead people to believe he was inexperienced, and he was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which triggered a fear of papal influence or closer ties between church and state. (He was the second-youngest president in the nation’s history).
   2. However, Kennedy tackled these issues by disproving them in the first \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between two presidential candidates. (By discussing the issues openly)
   3. In fact, Nixon thought he would benefit from the televised debates, because he thought it would reveal Kennedy’s inexperience (and show his knowledge of foreign policy). Instead, Kennedy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ better than Nixon helping him to win the election. (Kennedy’s success from the debate lead to a new era in American politics—one of television).
4. **Kennedy & Civil Rights**
   1. In October of 1960, Reverend \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ was arrested along with 33 other African-American demonstrators for sitting at a segregated lunch counter in Atlanta, Georgia.
   2. Neither Eisenhower nor Nixon intervened. However, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ called King’s wife to express his condolences while \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, JFK’s brother (and campaign manager), convinced the judge to release King from jail.
   3. Doing this won the votes of African Americans helping Kennedy to carry key states in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. **Foreign Policy Takes Priority**
   1. Holding that the Eisenhower administration had not done enough about the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_threat, Kennedy turned his focus to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the very beginning. (Because the Soviets were gaining ground in third world countries in Asia, Africa, and Latin America).
   2. The first test of Kennedy’s foreign policy came in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Just 90 miles off the coast of Florida).
   3. Just before JFK took office, on January 3, 1961, President Eisenhower cut off diplomatic relations with Cuba because of the revolutionary leader \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
6. **Cuba**
   1. Initially, Castro promised to implement \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Cuba helping him to gain power as he fought to overthrow Dictator \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from 1956 to 1959.
   2. The U.S. recognized the new government in the beginning (though they were suspicious of his intentions). However, Castro seized three American and British \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ damaging the relations between us and Cuba.
   3. He also broke up \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ into communes that would be worked by formerly landless peasants.
   4. As a result, the American \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ companies that controlled \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the crop land in Cuba appealed to the U.S. government for help.
   5. Congress responded by enacting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ against Cuban sugar.
   6. It was not long after this when Castro openly declared himself a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ welcoming \_\_\_\_\_ from the Soviets.
   7. It was at this point that Castro began to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ anyone who was in disagreement with him—especially \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   8. As a result, about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_of Cuba’s population went into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ escaping mostly to the United States—specifically in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ where a counterrevolutionary movement took shape.
7. **The Bay of Pigs**
   1. In March of 1960, President Eisenhower gave the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ permission to secretly train Cuban \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for an invasion of Cuba hoping to trigger a mass uprising that would \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Castro.
   2. Kennedy learned of the plan just \_\_\_\_ days after his election and reluctantly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it.
   3. On April 17, 1961, around 1500 Cuban exiles, with the support of the U.S. military, landed on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_—nothing went as planned.
   4. An \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that was supposed to eliminate the Cuban air force failed—even though the CIA reported that it had succeeded.
   5. A small advance group that was sent to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Castro’s forces never arrived.
   6. When the main unit landed, it lacked American air support and were met by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Cuban troops who had the support of Soviet \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   7. The result: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Some invaders were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ while others were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   8. This disaster left Kennedy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, however, he publically \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the blame for the failure. (Even though privately he questioned how the CIA and those at the Pentagon could be so wrong about something)
   9. He also negotiated with Castro for the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the imprisoned survivors paying a ransom of $\_\_\_\_ million in food and medical supplies.
8. **The Cuban Missile Crisis**
   1. After the incident at the Bay of Pigs, Castro continued to welcome \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_.
   2. Summer 1962: After promising to defend Cuba with Soviet arms, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Nikita Khrushchev increasingly sent \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ including \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   3. In response, President Kennedy issued a warning that America would not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_offensive nuclear weapons in Cuba—so close to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   4. October 14, 1962: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ taken by American planes revealed Soviet \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Cuba some of which were ready to launch—and could reach the U.S. in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   5. October 22, 1962: Kennedy publicizes the information making it clear that any missile attack from Cuba would trigger an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the Soviet Union.
   6. For the next \_\_\_\_\_ days, America waited terrified of the possibility of a nuclear \_\_\_\_\_\_. (This was the height of the Cold War and the world came very close to a nuclear war).
   7. Crisis \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_: the first break came when Soviet ships stopped suddenly to avoid a confrontation at sea.
   8. Next, Khrushchev offered to remove the missiles if America promised not to invade Cuba. The United States also secretly agreed to remove missiles from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
   9. The leaders agreed and the crisis was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
9. **The Berlin Crisis**
   1. In \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the city of Berlin was in great turmoil.
   2. In the past 11 years, almost 3 million \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Germans fled to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Berlin because it was free from Communist rule.
   3. As a result of losing \_\_\_\_\_\_ of its population, the country’s economy was significantly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
10. **Khrushchev’s Solution**
    1. Recognizing the necessity for a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to this problem, at a summit meeting in June 1961, Khrushchev threatened to sign a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with East Germany that would enable that country to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all the access roads to West Berlin.
    2. However, Kennedy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to relinquish U.S. access to West Berlin and, with his determination and America’s superior nuclear striking power, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Khrushchev from closing the air and land routes between West Berlin and West Germany. (This infuriated Khrushchev who was ready to do what he had to do to make this happen).
    3. August 13, 1961: Just after midnight, In response, Khrushchev directed East German troops to begin building the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ separating East Germany from West Germany.
    4. The wall was \_\_\_\_ feet high stretching \_\_\_\_\_ miles around the city. It was made of brick, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, cement, and steel, complete with patrols, flood lights, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and vehicle traps. It was built in just a few days.
    5. The Berlin Wall \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Berlin crisis (by reducing the number of East Germans fleeing—Khrushchev’s main problem) but increased Cold War tensions and became an ugly symbol of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
11. **Trying to Ease Tensions**
    1. Both Kennedy and Khrushchev realized how close they were to a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
    2. As a result, Kennedy looked for a way to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his hard-line stance.
    3. In 1963, he announced that the two nations had established a \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (The Kremlin is the Russian White House or name of the residence of the President of the Russian Federation)
    4. Later that year, the U.S. and U.S.S.R also agreed to a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ barring nuclear testing in the atmosphere.