* **WORLD WAR LOOMS – Lesson 1 – Test 11**
* **1. SECTION 1: DICTATORS THREATEN WORLD PEACE**
* **For many European countries the end of World War I was the beginning of revolutions at home, economic depression and the rise of powerful \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ driven by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ expansion.**
* **2. FAILURE OF VERSAILLES**
* **The peace settlement that ended World War I (Versailles Treaty) failed to provide a “just and secure peace” as promised.**
* **Instead \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ grew more and more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the treaty that they felt was too harsh and too punitive.** Why? Problems?
* **3. WEIMAR REPUBLIC RULES GERMANY**
* **The victors installed many new \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_govts. in Europe after World War I including the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Germany. Problems? Weak? Faith?**
* **Most were overwhelmed from the start and struggled economically. Currency? Inflation? Unemployment?**
* **4. JOSEPH STALIN TRANSFORMS THE USSR**
* **After V.I. Lenin died in 1924, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ took control of the Soviet Union.**
* **His goals included both agricultural and industrial growth.**
* **Stalin hoped to transform the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from a backward rural nation to a major \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ power. How?**
* **5. STALIN’S PLANS**
* **In the first year of his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Stalin placed all economic activity under strict \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ control.**
* **By 1937, Stalin had achieved his goal– USSR was the world’s 2nd largest \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**
* **6. STALIN MURDERS MILLIONS OF SOVIETS**
* **In his desire to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (eliminate) anyone who threatened his power, Stalin was responsible for the deaths of 8 – 13 million of his own Soviet citizens.**
* **Millions more died of famine caused by his economic policies. Hitler? Dictator? Gulags? Brutal?**
* **7. TOTALITARIAN STATE**
* **By 1939, Stalin firmly established a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ government in the USSR.**
* **In a totalitarian state the government \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all opposition and has strict control over the citizens who have no civil rights.**
* **8. THE RISE OF FASCISM IN ITALY**
* **While Stalin was consolidating his power in the Soviet Union, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was establishing a totalitarian regime in Italy.**
* **Mussolini seized power, taking advantage of high unemployment, inflation and a middle-class fear of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**
Fear of communism?
* **9. MUSSOLINI CREATES FASCIST PARTY**
* **Mussolini was a strong public speaker who appealed to Italian national pride. Roman Empire?**
* **By 1921, Mussolini had established the Fascist Party – \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_stressed nationalism and militarism and placed the interest of the state above the interests of the individual. Name Fascism?**
* **10. MUSSOLINI MARCHES ON ROME**

**Despite the fact that King Emmanuel II had already agreed to turn power over to Mussolini (IL DUCE), he staged a mock takeover by marching his black shirts through the streets of Rome in October, 1922. Dictator?
His Future?**

* **11. NAZIS TAKE OVER GERMANY**
* **Meanwhile in Germany, Adolf Hitler followed a similar path to Mussolini.**
* **At the end of WWI he was a jobless soldier drifting around Germany.**
* **In 1919, he joined a struggling group called the National Socialist German Workers’ Party (Nazis). Gutters & Pubs?**
* **(Despite its name the party had no ties to socialism).**
* **12. HITLER GAINS FOLLOWING**
* **Hitler’s ability as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and organizer drew many followers. Organizer?**
* **He quickly became the Nazi Party leader.**
* **Calling himself \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (the leader) he promised to return Germany to its old glory.**
* **13. HITLER’S BELIEFS**
* **Hitler explained his beliefs in his book, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (My Struggle). Written? Blame? Who? Propagandist?**
* **He wanted to unite all German-speaking people under one grand Empire.**
* **He wanted racial purity – “inferior” races such as Jews, Slavs and all non-whites were to form a work force for the “master race” – blond, blue-eyed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**
* **14. LEBENSRAUM**
* **Another element of Hitler’s grand design was national expansion.**
* **Hitler called it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or living space.**
* **Hitler believed that for Germany to thrive it needed more land at the expense of her neighbors. Germanic people under Germanic rule?**
* **15. HITLER APPOINTED CHANCELLOR**
* **By mid-1932, the Nazis had become the strongest political party in Germany. Why?**
* **In January of 1933, Hitler was appointed Chancellor (Prime Minister). How did this happen?**
* **Once in office he quickly dismantled Germany’s democratic Weimar Republic and replaced it with a totalitarian government. Dictator? Who had total control?**
* **16. THE THIRD REICH**
* **Once in power, Hitler established the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or Third German Empire.**
* **The first was during the Middle Ages and the Second came with the Unification of Germany in 1871.**
* **According to Hitler the Third Reich would last 1,000 years.**
* **17. MILITANTS GAIN CONTROL OF JAPAN**
* **Halfway around the world, nationalistic leaders were seizing control of the Imperial government of Japan. Militarism? Military Leaders?**
* **Like Hitler, they desired living space for their growing population. Targets? Conquest?**
* **18. HIROHITO: EMPEROR OF JAPAN**
* **Emperor \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ reign lasted from 1926-1989.**
* **Hirohito followed tradition and chose a name for his reign.**
* **His reign was called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, or "Radiating Peace”.**
* **However, he began a military buildup with several attacks on China and a dream of Pacific domination. Under his reign Japan said it was their destiny to rule over all of Asia. Why?**
* **19. JAPAN ATTACKS CHINA**
* **In 1931, Japan attacked the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ province of Manchuria. Why?**
* **Swiftly Japan captured the province which is roughly twice the size of Texas.**
* **20. AGGRESSION BEGINS IN EUROPE**
* **In the early 1930s both Japan and Germany quit the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**
* **Hitler then began a huge \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(in direct violation of the Treaty of Versailles).**
* **By 1936 Hitler sent troops into the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, a German region bordering France and Belgium that was demilitarized by the Versailles Treaty. Buffer zone? Opportunity for European nations? Why?**
* **21. CIVIL WAR IN SPAIN**
* **In 1936, a group of Spanish army officers led by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, rebelled against the Spanish Republic.**
* **A Civil War ensued as Hitler and Mussolini supported Franco’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ while the western democracies remained neutral.**
* **22. FRANCO’S FASCISTS WIN CIVIL WAR**
* **Franco’s victory in 1939 established him as fascist leader of a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Spain.**
* **The Spanish Civil War led to a closer relationship between the German and Italian dictators. Why?**
* **Hitler and Mussolini signed an alliance known as the Rome-Berlin Axis. Partners? Axis Powers?**
* **23. U.S. REMAINS NEUTRAL . . . FOR NOW**
* **With memories still fresh from WWI, most Americans believed the U.S. should not get involved in the increasing aggression in Europe.**
* **Some critics believed banks and manufacturers were pushing for war solely for their own profit.**
* **Critics called them \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**
* **24. FDR: WE ARE NEUTRAL AND FRIENDLY**
* **FDR’s polices in the early to mid 1930s reflected a desire to remain out of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Europe.**
* **He recognized the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ diplomatically in 1933 (exchanged ambassadors).**
* **He lowered tariffs.**
* **He withdrew armed forces from Latin America. Why did he do all of this, I & G.D.?**
* **25. CONGRESS STAYS NEUTRAL**
* **Congress, too, pushed neutrality.**
* **Congress passed a series of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Future?**
* **The first two acts outlawed arms sales or loans to nations at war.**
* **The third act outlawed arms sales or loans to nations fighting civil wars.**
* **26. U.S. NEUTRALITY IS TESTED**
* **After Japan renewed attacks China in 1937, FDR sent \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**
* **He got around the Neutrality Acts because Japan had not actually declared war on China.**
* **FDR promised in a speech in Chicago to “take a stand against aggression.” How? Impact on the future?**